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### **BEFORE THE**

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# IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION UTILITIES COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF IDAHO POWER COMPANY FOR AUTHORITY TO INCREASE ITS RATES	) ) CASE NO. IPC-E-08-10 )
AND CHARGES FOR ELECTRIC SERVICE TO ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS IN THE STATE OF IDAHO.	) ) )
	) ) )

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MARILYN PARKER
IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
OCTOBER 24, 2008

- Q. Please state your name and address for the record.
- A. My name is Marilyn Parker. My business address is 472 West Washington Street, Boise, Idaho.
  - Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
- A. I am employed by the Idaho Public Utilities

  Commission as a Utilities Compliance Investigator. I

  accepted that position with the Consumer Assistance Staff
  in November 2002.
- Q. What is your educational and professional background?
- A. Prior to my employment with the Idaho Public
  Utilities Commission, I had twenty years experience
  working in private industry for three different utility
  companies. In 1973 and 1974, I was employed by Central
  Alaska Utilities, a water company in Anchorage, Alaska, as
  the Executive Secretary to the President of the company.
  From 1982 until 1987, I was employed as a Customer Service
  Representative for Idaho Power Company in Salmon, Idaho.
  From February 1989 until November 2002, I was employed by
  Intermountain Gas Company in Customer Services. During my
  last six years at Intermountain Gas, I supervised
  representatives at the Customer Service Center's Emergency
  Answering Service.

I received a Bachelor of Arts Degree in

2004 to 2007.

I reviewed the Customer Service Center's call answering performance and found that the Company's yearly averages met the goal of answering 80% of calls within 30 seconds.

I identified technological advancements implemented by the Company and how they have improved customer service.

I reviewed the Company's forms required by the Commission's Utility Customer Relations Rules and found them to be compliant.

I addressed the Company's response to Staff's concerns regarding how Idaho Power's irrigation customers were kept informed of the Company's recent changes to its irrigation deposit collection practices.

I recommend that the Company explore alternatives to its policy of requiring customers to pay convenience fees when paying their Idaho Power bills using check-by-phone, credit card or debit card and report its findings to the Commission Staff.

#### CUSTOMER COMMENTS

- Q. Have you reviewed the written customer comments that have been received by the Commission regarding this case?
  - A. Yes. As of October 16, 2008, forty-nine (49)

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Idaho Power customers had submitted comments regarding the proposed increase in Idaho Power's electric rates. All the commenters opposed any increase to rates.

- Q. What are the concerns mentioned most often by customers?
- A. The comments fell into two major categories.

  One-third of those commenting cited Idaho Power's reference in its press release to the fact that new growth was a major driver in its need for a rate increase. Those customers questioned why current customers had to pay for new growth. Another one-third of the comments were from fixed and low income customers who raised concerns about the current economic conditions and how they would be able to afford to pay higher electric rates.

Staff witness Hessing will discuss cost allocation and the cost of growth. Staff witness Thaden will discuss economic conditions and customers' ability to pay.

#### CUSTOMER RELATIONS

- Q. In the last four years, how many complaints and inquiries has the Commission received regarding Idaho Power?
- A. Staff Exhibit No. MP #1 shows the number of informal complaints and inquiries received since 2004.
  - Q. What did your analysis of complaints and

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- A. There has been a consistent decline in the number of complaints and inquiries received by the Idaho Public Utilities Commission from Idaho Power customers in the past four years.
- Q. Regarding complaints and inquiries registered at the IPUC, how does Idaho Power compare to the other three major regulated energy companies doing business in Idaho since 2004?
- A. In 2007, Idaho Power and Avista Utilities in northern Idaho had the fewest complaints and inquiries on a per 1,000 customer basis. From 2004 to 2006, Idaho Power had fewer complaints and inquiries than two of the major energy companies (see Staff Exhibit No. MP #2).
- Q. Is Idaho Power responsive to the Commission's Utility Compliance Investigators during complaint investigations?
- A. Yes. Rule 404 of the Utility Customer Relations Rules (UCRR) specifies that utilities must respond orally or in writing to the Commission within ten business days of receiving notification from the Commission that an informal complaint against the Company has been received. In 2007, the annual average number of days for Staff to fully resolve complaints among all the energy companies was 6.15. For Idaho Power complaints, the average number

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of days for Staff to resolve complaints in that same time period was 5.27 days.

- Is Idaho Power's Customer Service Center telephone answering service level goal of answering 80% of incoming calls within 30 seconds consistent and within industry standards?
- Yes. When looking at yearly averages, the Company has met its goal in each of the last four years. However, when looking at its month to month performance, Idaho Power failed to meet its goal in three months between July 2007 and July 2008.
- Q. Are you concerned about the failures to meet its qoal?
- Α. It appears that failures were isolated instances. The worst performance was in July 2007 when the service level dropped to 67.9%. The Company attributed this low service level to having six unfilled positions in its Customer Service Center, which is 11% of the total customer service representative staff. positions were filled and the new representatives were answering telephones by the following month. In August 2007, the service level rose to 81.04%. The Consumer Assistance Staff has not received complaints from customers who report that they are unable to reach the Company by telephone due to long hold times, busy signals,

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no answers, or being told to call back later due to high call volumes.

- Are there any other factors to consider when analyzing the Company's service level?
- Since the implementation of the Interactive Voice Response Unit (IVRU) and the online customer service that is available through Idaho Power's Website, many customers now have instant access to the information they need either by telephone or the Internet without the need to wait on hold to speak to a live customer service representative.
- Ο. What about customers with outages or emergencies to report? How are those calls handled?
- Α. Customers with emergencies are not handled in the same way that a customer who wants to sign up for service would be handled. When a customer calls Idaho Power, the customer is connected to an automated system, the IVRU, that asks the caller to say one of the following options: "Outage"; "Residential Services"; "Irrigation or Commercial"; "New Construction"; or "Electrician". When a customer says "Outage", the caller is first told that if there is an emergency, the caller should hang up and call If the caller stays on the line, the caller is directed to state the city he or she is in. At that point, the automated system looks for an outage in that

city. If there is an outage, a recorded message provides details regarding any known outages. If the automated system does not find any outages logged, the caller is advised to stay on the line so that the caller can report an outage to a representative.

- Q. Has Idaho Power made any investments in technology to improve customer service in outage situations?
- A. Yes. The Company has made significant investments in its Outage Management System.
- Q. What were your observations regarding Idaho Power's Outage Management System?
- A. Idaho Power's Outage Management System is now connected to its IVRU. One of the most important benefits of the two systems being linked is the ability of the Company to reduce the number of employees needed to answer incoming telephone calls during outages.

In an effort to further improve customer service during emergencies and outages, Idaho Power relocated its Outage Management Department to the same facility as the Customer Service Center last year. Two specially-trained customer service representatives are always located within the Outage Management Center. This allows the Outage Management employees to concentrate on the coordination of communications with its dispatched employees in the field

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to resolve emergencies and incidents and allows the customer service center employees to work with the incoming telephone calls and customer communications.

- Q. Has Idaho Power recently improved any of its existing technologies?
- Α. The Company made many improvements to its Interactive Voice Response Unit (IVRU). One of the improvements resulted from Idaho Power's internal tracking of complaints registered with its own customer service representatives. Customers complained about being unable to figure out how to speak with a live representative. Idaho Power added an option for customers who select "Residential Services" on the IVRU to speak in person to a customer service representative. In spite of the fact that more and more customers are choosing not to speak with a live customer service representative, Idaho Power accommodated those customers who are still uncomfortable with new technologies; this particularly helps elderly and some physically challenged customers.
- Q. Do Idaho Power's notices, bills, and written information required by the Commission's Utility Customer Relations Rules (UCRR) comply with these rules?
- A. Yes. I reviewed the documents in September 2008 and found the Company to be in compliance.
  - Q. In 2008, a provision was added in the UCRR

203.03 that states "utilities shall implement procedures designed to monitor and identify customers who may be billed under an inappropriate tariff schedule." Has Idaho Power implemented procedures to be in compliance with this new provision?

A. Yes. According to Idaho Power, its Customer Information System monitors accounts to ensure a customer is billed under the appropriate rate schedule. When usage occurs outside rate qualification rules for a particular rate schedule, the account is routed to a customer service representative for a manual review.

#### CONVENIENCE FEES

- Q. Pursuant to UCRR 403, did the Commission review Idaho Power's written record of its complaints and requests for conferences?
- A. Yes, I reviewed the Company's records for 2007. These records consist of complaints and requests received by the Company directly and are in addition to those complaints referred to the Company by the Commission. I noted in my review that 10% of these complaints (115) were from customers who were unhappy with the convenience fees required to pay their Idaho Power bill over the telephone with a credit or debit card or check-by-phone. The current charge is \$2.85 for a payment of up to \$300.00. For example, if a customer calls to pay a bill that is

\$305, the customer is required to pay two convenience fees: \$2.85 for the first \$300 and an additional \$2.85 for the remaining \$5.00 for a total of \$5.70 to pay one bill. As monthly billing amounts have risen, and more customers pay past due bills that have accumulated over time, customers have exceeded the \$300 ceiling with increasing frequency.

- Q. Did Idaho Power take any action to address this issue?
- A. Yes. Idaho Power negotiated with a new vendor that charges a \$2.50 convenience fee. Additionally, the minimum dollar amount per transaction will rise to \$500. The new vendor will begin processing Idaho Power's credit card, debit card, and check-by-phone payments in January 2009.
  - Q. Do you have an opinion about Convenience Fees?
- A. Yes. When regulated energy utility companies in Idaho began to address customer requests for more options to pay bills, many of the companies, including Idaho Power, responded by adding the ability to pay bills over the telephone and online. Because relatively few customers used the new conveniences several years ago, the decision was made by the utilities that customers who used the services should pay for the services through individual transaction fees, called "convenience fees."

At the time when convenience fees were first implemented, it seemed logical that those costs created by a few customers should not be passed on to all ratepayers. There was not a sufficient volume of transactions to enable the Company to negotiate fees with the vendors or offer the service without charge to customers. the number of transactions using this method of paying bills has grown from 47,713 in 2003 to 186,435 in 2007. Given the fact that the total number of transactions is growing rapidly (nearly four times as many transactions occurred in 2007 than in 2003), it is very apparent that it is no longer just a few customers using the telephone to pay their bills. The ability of customers to pay over the telephone saves the Company money when customers use this service to avoid being turned off for non-payment of their account. The savings come from the Company not being required to send a meter technician to the customer's home to disconnect and subsequently reconnect service. Although I have concerns about convenience fees, particularly with respect to the impact on low income customers and customers who are having trouble paying their Idaho Power bills, more study is necessary before I can make a recommendation about reducing or eliminating these fees. At this time, I recommend that the Company

explore alternatives to requiring customers to pay

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IRRIGATION DEPOSITS

Α.

## In the last few years, Idaho Power changed its tariffs regarding when and how deposits are collected from its irrigation customers. What were the primary changes that Idaho Power made to its irrigation deposit collection procedures?

Idaho Power created two new methodologies for

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the collection of deposits from its irrigation customers. The first formula is entitled "Tier One" and was created in 2002 and the second is entitled "Tier Two" and was created and added in 2004. The primary changes were that the Company now: 1) uses the number of reminder notices rather than late payments the customer received in the previous twelve months as the determining factor in assessing a deposit; 2) ties the amount of the deposit to the electrical characteristics of the pump and motor rather than the pump usage history from the previous year; and, 3) assesses the higher Tier Two deposit if the customer has an outstanding balance greater than \$1000.00

Ο. Since Idaho Power changed its deposit collection procedures for irrigation customers, has the Commission received any complaints from irrigators?

on December 31 during any of the previous four years.

- A. Yes. The Commission has received seven complaints from irrigators.
- Q. What were the most significant issues voiced by those complainants?
- A. Two of the most recent complaints from irrigators said they did not feel they had been adequately informed of the new deposit collection procedures.
  - Q. Do you concur with the complainants' concerns?
- A. Yes. My investigation revealed that irrigation customers have not been provided with detailed written information regarding the Company's more stringent deposit policy since May of 2005.

Staff reviewed copies of payment reminder notices sent to irrigators and found them to be inadequate. The notices did not make irrigation customers aware of the deposit policy and so customers were not able to avoid having to pay a deposit by altering thir payment habits.

- Q. Was Idaho Power responsive to the issues mentioned above when brought to its attention?
- A. Yes. Once the Company was aware of Staff's concerns, it began to work immediately with Staff to rewrite its reminder notices. For example, wording was added to reminder notices so that the consequences of receiving two reminder notices in twelve months were

clearly stated. The Company also agreed to revise its bill statement to include information on its deposit policy. An annual brochure sent to irrigation customers will be revised in time for next year's mailing. The brochure will describe in detail the Tier One and Tier Two deposit policy.

- Q. The reason Idaho Power changed its irrigation deposit structure was to reduce uncollectible and written-off irrigation account balances. Has the goal been met?
- A. Reports from the Company show favorable results. The Company reported to Staff that when comparing 2007 with 2003, there had been a 73 percent reduction in past due irrigation account balances and a 93 percent reduction in irrigation account written off amounts.
- Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony in this proceeding?
  - A. Yes, it does.

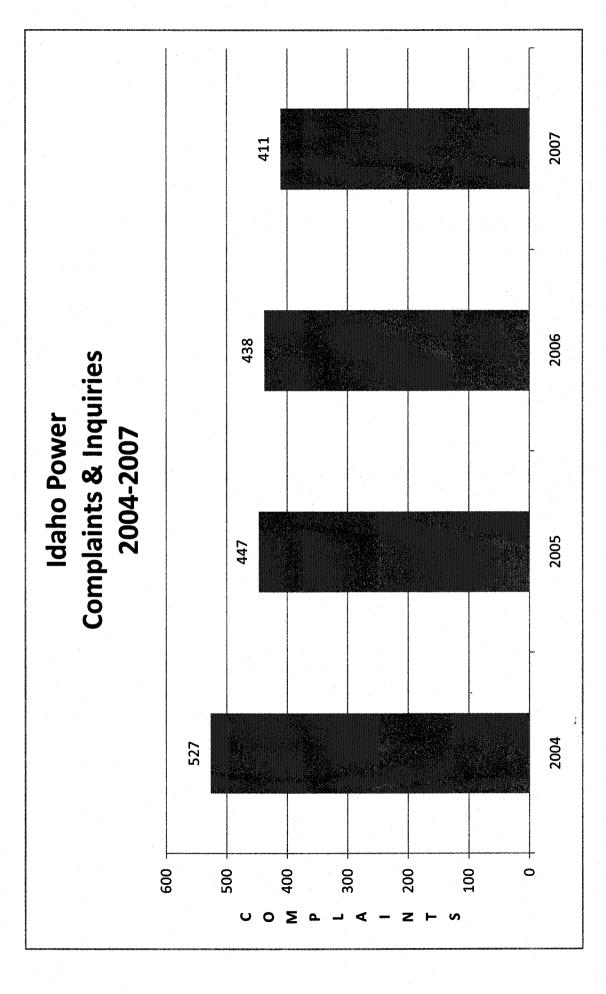


Exhibit No. 146 Case No. IPC-E-08-10 M. Parker, Staff 10/24/08

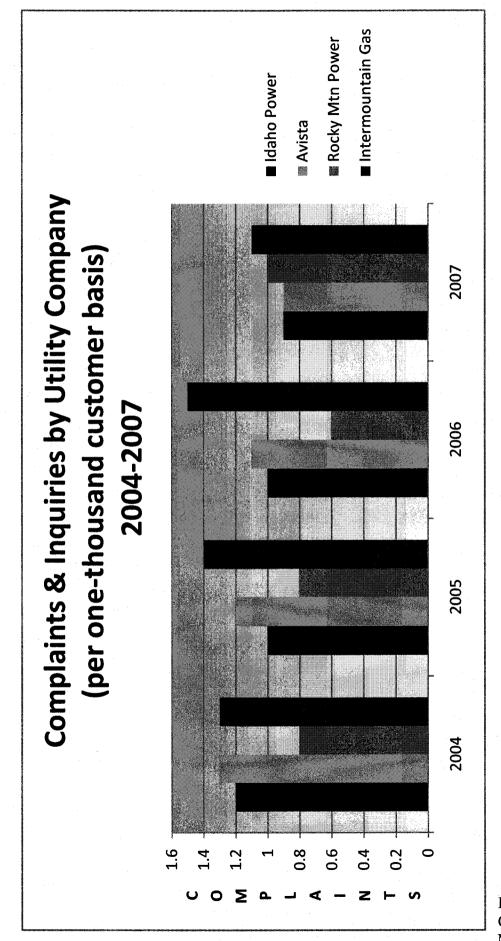


Exhibit No. 147 Case No. IPC-E-08-10 M. Parker, Staff 10/24/08

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I HAVE THIS 24TH DAY OF OCTOBER 2008, SERVED THE FOREGOING **DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MARILYN PARKER**, IN CASE NO. IPC-E-08-10, BY MAILING A COPY THEREOF, POSTAGE PREPAID, TO THE FOLLOWING:

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